

Package ‘InPAS’

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Title A Bioconductor package for identifying novel Alternative PolyAdenylation Sites (PAS) from RNA-seq data

Version 2.0.0

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Description Alternative polyadenylation (APA) is one of the important post-transcriptional regulation mechanisms which occurs in most human genes. InPAS facilitates the discovery of novel APA sites and the differential usage of APA sites from RNA-Seq data. It leverages cleanUpdTSeq to fine tune identified APA sites by removing false sites.

biocViews RNASeq, Sequencing, AlternativeSplicing, Coverage, DifferentialSplicing, GeneRegulation, Transcription, ImmunoOncology

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Imports AnnotationDbi, BSgenome, cleanUpdTSeq, preprocessCore, IRanges, GenomeInfoDb, depmixS4, limma, BiocParallel, Biostrings, dplyr, magrittr, plyranges, readr, RSQLite, DBI, purrr, GenomicFeatures, ggplot2, reshape2

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assemble_allCov	<i>Assemble coverage files for all samples</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Process individual sample-chromosome-specific coverage files in an experiment into a file containing a list of chromosome-specific Rle coverage of all samples

Usage

```
assemble_allCov(sqlite_db, outdir, genome, removeScaffolds = FALSE)
```



```

        BPPARAM = NULL)
    }
    coverage_files <- assemble_allCov(sqlite_db,
                                     outdir,
                                     genome,
                                     removeScaffolds = FALSE)
}

```

extract_UTR3Anno *extract 3' UTR information from a [GenomicFeatures::TxDb](#) object*

Description

extract 3' UTR information from a [GenomicFeatures::TxDb](#) object. The 3'UTR is defined as the last 3'UTR fragment for each transcript and it will be cut if there is any overlaps with other exons.

Usage

```

extract_UTR3Anno(
  TxDb = NULL,
  edb = NULL,
  removeScaffolds = FALSE,
  MAX_EXONS_GAP = 10000
)

```

Arguments

TxDb	an object of GenomicFeatures::TxDb
edb	An object of ensemblDb::EnsDb
removeScaffolds	A logical(1) vector, whether the scaffolds should be removed from the genome. If you use a TxDb containing alternative scaffolds, you'd better to remove the scaffolds.
MAX_EXONS_GAP	An integer(1) vector, maximal gap sizes between last known CP sites to downstream exons

Details

A good practice is to perform read alignment using a reference genome from Ensembl/GenCode including only the primary assembly and build a TxDb using the GTF/GFF files downloaded from the same source as the reference genome, such as BioMart/Ensembl/GenCode. For instruction, see Vignette of the GenomicFeatures. The UCSC reference genomes and their annotation can be very cumbersome.

Value

An object of [GenomicRanges::GRangesList](#), containing GRanges for extracted 3' UTRs, and the corresponding last CDSs and next.exon.gap for each chromosome/scaffold.

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou, Haibo Liu

Examples

```
library("EnsDb.Hsapiens.v86")
library("GenomicFeatures")
samplefile <- system.file("extdata",
                          "hg19_knownGene_sample.sqlite",
                          package = "GenomicFeatures")
TxDb <- loadDb(samplefile)
edb <- EnsDb.Hsapiens.v86
utr3 <- extract_UTR3Anno(TxDb, edb,
                        removeScaffolds = TRUE,
                        MAX_EXONS_GAP = 10000)
```

filter_testOut	<i>filter 3' UTR usage test results</i>
----------------	---

Description

filter results of [test_dPDUI\(\)](#)

Usage

```
filter_testOut(
  res,
  gp1,
  gp2,
  background_coverage_threshold = 2,
  P.Value_cutoff = 0.05,
  adj.P.Val_cutoff = 0.05,
  dPDUI_cutoff = 0.3,
  PDUI_logFC_cutoff
)
```

Arguments

res	a UTR3eSet object, output of test_dPDUI()
gp1	tag names involved in group 1. gp1 and gp2 are used for filtering purpose if both are specified; otherwise only other specified thresholds are used for filtering.
gp2	tag names involved in group 2
background_coverage_threshold	background coverage cut off value. for each group, more than half of the long form should greater than background_coverage_threshold. for both group, at least in one group, more than half of the short form should greater than background_coverage_threshold.

P.Value_cutoff cutoff of P value
 adj.P.Val_cutoff cutoff of adjust P value
 dPDUI_cutoff cutoff of dPDUI
 PDUI_logFC_cutoff cutoff of PDUI log2 transformed fold change

Value

A data frame converted from an object of [GenomicRanges::GRanges](#).

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou, Haibo Liu

See Also

[test_dPDUI\(\)](#)

Examples

```

library(limma)
path <- system.file("extdata", package = "InPAS")
load(file.path(path, "eset.MAQC.rda"))
tags <- colnames(eset@PDUI)
g <- factor(gsub("\\.\\.*$", "", tags))
design <- model.matrix(~ -1 + g)
colnames(design) <- c("Brain", "UHR")
contrast.matrix <- makeContrasts(contrasts = "Brain-UHR",
                                levels = design)

res <- test_dPDUI(eset = eset,
                 method = "limma",
                 normalize = "none",
                 design = design,
                 contrast.matrix = contrast.matrix)

filter_testOut(res,
               gp1 = c("Brain.auto", "Brain.phiX"),
               gp2 = c("UHR.auto", "UHR.phiX"),
               background_coverage_threshold = 2,
               P.Value_cutoff = 0.05,
               adj.P.Val_cutoff = 0.05,
               dPDUI_cutoff = 0.3,
               PDUI_logFC_cutoff = .59)

```

get_regionCov	<i>Get coverage for 3' UTR and last CDS regions on a single chromosome</i>
---------------	--

Description

Get coverage for 3' UTR and last CDS regions on a single chromosome

Usage

```
get_regionCov(chr.utr3, sqlite_db, outdir, BPPARAM = NULL, phmm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

chr.utr3	one element of an output of <code>extract_UTR3Anno()</code>
sqlite_db	A path to the SQLite database for InPAS, i.e. the output of <code>setup_sqlitedb()</code> .
outdir	A path to a folder for storing coverage data of 3' UTRs and last CDSs on a given chromosome/scaffold. If it doesn't exist, it will be created.
BPPARAM	an optional <code>BiocParallel::BiocParallelParam</code> instance determining the parallel back-end to be used during evaluation, or a list of <code>BiocParallelParam</code> instances, to be applied in sequence for nested calls to <code>bplapply</code> . It can be set to <code>NULL</code> or <code>bpparam()</code>
phmm	A logical(1) vector, indicating whether data should be prepared for singleSample analysis? By default, <code>FALSE</code>

Value

coverage view in GRanges

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou, Haibo Liu

get_ssRleCov	<i>Get Rle coverage from a bedgraph file for a sample</i>
--------------	---

Description

Get RLe coverage from a bedgraph file for a sample

Usage

```

get_ssRleCov(
  bedgraph,
  tag,
  genome,
  sqlite_db,
  outdir,
  BATCH_SIZE = 10L,
  removeScaffolds = FALSE,
  BPPARAM = NULL
)

```

Arguments

bedgraph	A path to a bedGraph file
tag	A character(1) vector, a name tag used to label the bedgraph file. It must match the tag specified in the metadata file used to setup the SQLite database
genome	an object BSgenome::BSgenome . To make things easy, we suggest users creating a BSgenome::BSgenome instance from the reference genome used for read alignment. For details, see the documentation of BSgenome::forgeBSgenomeDataPkg() .
sqlite_db	A path to the SQLite database for InPAS, i.e. the output of setup_sqlitedb() .
outdir	A character(1) vector, a path with write permission for storing the coverage data. If it doesn't exist, it will be created.
BATCH_SIZE	A integer(1) vector, indicating the number of parallel jobs run at the same time per batch. Default, 10. You may adjust this number based on the available computing resource: CPUs and RAM. For BATCH_SIZE of 10, 15-20G RAM is needed. This parameter affects the time for converting coverage from bedgraph to Rle.
removeScaffolds	A logical(1) vector, whether the scaffolds should be removed from the genome. If you use a TxDb containing alternative scaffolds, you'd better to remove the scaffolds.
BPPARAM	an optional BiocParallel::BiocParallelParam instance determining the parallel back-end to be used during evaluation, or a list of BiocParallelParam instances, to be applied in sequence for nested calls to <code>bplapply</code> . It can be set to NULL or <code>bpparam()</code>

Value

A list of lists containing read coverage as Rle instances of [S4Vectors::Rle](#) representing read coverage for each chromosome of a given sample, as described below.

tag the sample tag

chr1 coverage as Rle instance for chr1

chr2 coverage as Rle instance for chr2

chrN coverage as Rle instance for chrN

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou, Haibo Liu

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  library(BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10)
  genome <- BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10
  bedgraphs <- system.file("extdata",c("Baf3.extract.bedgraph",
                                       "UM15.extract.bedgraph"),
                           package = "InPAS")
  tags <- c("Baf3", "UM15")
  metadata <- data.frame(tag = tags,
                         condition = c("Baf3", "UM15"),
                         bedgraph_file = bedgraphs)

  outdir = tempdir()
  write.table(metadata, file =file.path(outdir, "metadata.txt"),
              sep = "\t", quote = FALSE, row.names = FALSE)

  sqlite_db <- setup_sqlitedb(metadata = file.path(outdir,
                                                  "metadata.txt"),
                              outdir)
  coverage <- get_ssRleCov(bedgraph = bedgraphs[1],
                          tag = tags[1],
                          genome = genome,
                          sqlite_db = sqlite_db,
                          outdir = outdir,
                          removeScaffolds = TRUE,
                          BPPARAM = NULL)

  # check read coverage depth
  db_connect <- dbConnect(drv = RSQLite::SQLite(), dbname = sqlite_db)
  dbReadTable(db_connect, "metadata")
  dbDisconnect(db_connect)
}
```

`get_usage4plot`*prepare coverage data and fitting data for plot*

Description

prepare coverage data and fitting data for plot

Usage`get_usage4plot(gr, proximalSites, sqlite_db, hugeData)`


```

        outdir = outdir,
        removeScaffolds = TRUE,
        BPPARAM = NULL)
    }
coverage_files <- assemble_allCov(sqlite_db,
                                outdir,
                                genome,
                                removeScaffolds = TRUE)

data4CPsSearch <- setup_CPsSearch(sqlite_db,
                                  genome,
                                  utr3,
                                  background = "10K",
                                  TxDb = TxDb,
                                  removeScaffolds = TRUE,
                                  BPPARAM = NULL,
                                  hugeData = TRUE,
                                  outdir = outdir)

gr <- GRanges("chr6", IRanges(128846245, 128850081), strand = "-")
names(gr) <- "chr6:128846245-128850081"
data4plot <- get_usage4plot(gr,
                           proximalSites = 128849148,
                           sqlite_db,
                           hugeData = TRUE)
plot_utr3Usage(usage_data = data4plot,
              vline_color = "purple",
              vline_type = "dashed")

```

get_UTR3eSet

prepare 3' UTR coverage data for usage test

Description

generate a UTR3eSet object with PDUI information for statistic tests

Usage

```

get_UTR3eSet(
  sqlite_db,
  normalize = c("none", "quantiles", "quantiles.robust", "mean", "median"),
  ...,
  singleSample = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

sqlite_db A path to the SQLite database for InPAS, i.e. the output of `setup_sqlitedb()`.

normalize A character(1) vector, specifying the normalization method. It can be "none", "quantiles", "quantiles.robust", "mean", or "median"

... parameter can be passed into `preprocessCore::normalize.quantiles.robust()`

`singleSample` A logical(1) vector, indicating whether data is prepared for analysis in a single-Sample mode? Default, FALSE

Value

An object of `UTR3eSet` which contains following elements: `usage`: an `GenomicRanges::GRanges` object with CP sites info. `PDUI`: a matrix of PDUI `PDUI.log2`: log2 transformed PDUI matrix `short`: a matrix of usage of short form `long`: a matrix of usage of long form if `singleSample` is TRUE, one more element, `signals`, will be included.

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou, Haibo Liu

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  library(BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10)
  library(TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10.knownGene)
  genome <- BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10
  TxDb <- TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10.knownGene

  ## load UTR3 annotation and convert it into a GRangesList
  data(utr3.mm10)
  utr3 <- split(utr3.mm10, seqnames(utr3.mm10))

  bedgraphs <- system.file("extdata",c("Baf3.extract.bedgraph",
                                     "UM15.extract.bedgraph"),
                          package = "InPAS")

  tags <- c("Baf3", "UM15")
  metadata <- data.frame(tag = tags,
                         condition = c("Baf3", "UM15"),
                         bedgraph_file = bedgraphs)

  outdir = tempdir()
  write.table(metadata, file =file.path(outdir, "metadata.txt"),
              sep = "\t", quote = FALSE, row.names = FALSE)

  sqlite_db <- setup_sqlitedb(metadata = file.path(outdir,
                                                  "metadata.txt"), outdir)

  coverage <- list()
  for (i in seq_along(bedgraphs)) {
    coverage[[tags[i]]] <- get_ssRleCov(bedgraph = bedgraphs[i],
                                       tag = tags[i],
                                       genome = genome,
                                       sqlite_db = sqlite_db,
                                       outdir = outdir,
                                       removeScaffolds = TRUE,
                                       BPPARAM = NULL)}
  coverage_files <- assemble_allCov(sqlite_db,
                                   outdir,
                                   genome,
```

```
                                removeScaffolds = TRUE)
data4CPsSearch <- setup_CPsSearch(sqlite_db,
                                genome,
                                utr3,
                                background = "10K",
                                TxDb = TxDb,
                                removeScaffolds = TRUE,
                                BPPARAM = NULL,
                                hugeData = TRUE,
                                outdir = outdir)

## polyA_PWM
load(system.file("extdata", "polyA.rda", package = "InPAS"))

## load the Naive Bayes classifier model from the cleanUpdTSeq package
library(cleanUpdTSeq)
data(classifier)

CPs <- search_CPs(seqname = "chr6",
                 sqlite_db = sqlite_db,
                 utr3 = utr3,
                 background = data4CPsSearch$background,
                 z2s = data4CPsSearch$z2s,
                 depth.weight = data4CPsSearch$depth.weight,
                 genome = genome,
                 MINSIZE = 10,
                 window_size = 100,
                 search_point_START = 50,
                 search_point_END = NA,
                 cutStart = 10,
                 cutEnd = 0,
                 adjust_distal_polyA_end = TRUE,
                 coverage_threshold = 5,
                 long_coverage_threshold = 2,
                 PolyA_PWM = pwm,
                 classifier = classifier,
                 classifier_cutoff = 0.8,
                 shift_range = 100,
                 step = 5,
                 two_way = FALSE,
                 hugeData = TRUE,
                 outdir = outdir)

utr3_cds <- InPAS:::get_UTR3CDS(sqlite_db,
                              chr.utr3 = utr3[["chr6"]],
                              BPPARAM = NULL)

utr3_cds_cov <- get_regionCov(chr.utr3 = utr3[["chr6"]],
                             sqlite_db,
                             outdir,
                             BPPARAM = NULL,
                             phmm = FALSE)

eSet <- get_UTR3eSet(sqlite_db,
```

```

        normalize = "none",
        singleSample = FALSE)
test_out <- test_dPDUI(eset = eset,
                      method = "fisher.exact",
                      normalize = "none",
                      sqlite_db = sqlite_db)
}

```

InPAS	<i>A package for identifying novel Alternative PolyAdenylation Sites (PAS) based on RNA-seq data</i>
-------	--

Description

The InPAS package provides three categories of important functions: `parse_TxDb`, `extract_UTR3Anno`, `assemble_allCov`, `get_ssRleCov`, `run_coverageQC`, `get_UTR3eSet`, `test_dPDUI`, `run_singleSampleAnalysis`, `run_singleGroupAnalysis`, `run_limmaAnalysis`, `filter_testOut`, `get_usage4plot`, `setup_GSEA`

functions for retrieving 3' UTR annotation

`parse_TxDb`, `extract_UTR3Anno`

functions for processing read coverage data

`assemble_allCov`, `get_ssRleCov`, `run_coverageQC`

functions for alternative polyadenylation site analysis

`test_dPDUI`, `run_singleSampleAnalysis`, `run_singleGroupAnalysis`, `run_limmaAnalysis`, `filter_testOut`, `get_usage4plot`

<code>parse_TxDb</code>	<i>Extract gene models from a TxDb object</i>
-------------------------	---

Description

Extract gene models from a TxDb object and annotate last 3' UTR exons and the last CDSs

Usage

```
parse_TxDb(TxDb = NULL, edb = NULL, removeScaffolds = FALSE)
```

Arguments

TxDB	An object of GenomicFeatures::TxDb
edb	An object of ensemblDb::EnsDb
removeScaffolds	A logical(1) vector, whether the scaffolds should be removed from the genome If you use a TxDb containing alternative scaffolds, you'd better to remove the scaffolds.

Details

A good practice is to perform read alignment using a reference genome from Ensembl/GenCode including only the primary assembly and build a TxDb using the GTF/GFF files downloaded from the same source as the reference genome, such as BioMart/Ensembl/GenCode. For instruction, see Vignette of the GenomicFeatures. The UCSC reference genomes and their annotation can be very cumbersome.

Value

A [GenomicRanges::GRanges](#) object for gene models

Author(s)

Haibo Liu

Examples

```
library("EnsDb.Hsapiens.v86")
library("GenomicFeatures")
samplefile <- system.file("extdata",
                          "hg19_knownGene_sample.sqlite",
                          package = "GenomicFeatures")
TxDb <- loadDb(samplefile)
edb <- EnsDb.Hsapiens.v86

parsed_Txdb <- parse_TxDB(TxDB, edb,
                          removeScaffolds = TRUE)
```

plot_utr3Usage

Visualize the dPDUI events using ggplot2

Description

Visualize the dPDUI events by plotting the MSE, and total coverage per group along 3' UTR regions with dPDUI using `ggplot2::geom_line()`.

Usage

```
plot_utr3Usage(usage_data, vline_color = "purple", vline_type = "dashed")
```

Arguments

usage_data	An object of <code>GenomicRanges::GRanges</code> , an output from <code>get_usage4plot()</code> .
vline_color	color for vertical line showing position of predicated proximal CP site. Default, purple.
vline_type	line type for vertical line showing position of predicated proximal CP site. Default, dashed. See <code>ggplot2</code> <code>linetype</code> .

Value

A ggplot object for refined plotting

Author(s)

Haibo Liu

See Also

For example, see `get_usage4plot()`.

run_coverageQC

Quality control on read coverage over gene bodies and 3UTRs

Description

Calculate coverage over gene bodies and 3UTRs. This function is used for quality control of the coverage. The coverage rate can show the complexity of RNA-seq library.

Usage

```
run_coverageQC(  
  sqlite_db,  
  TxDb,  
  edb,  
  genome,  
  cutoff_readsNum = 1,  
  cutoff_expdGene_cvgRate = 0.1,  
  cutoff_expdGene_sampleRate = 0.5,  
  removeScaffolds = FALSE,  
  BPPARAM = NULL,  
  which = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```


Arguments

sqlite_db	A path to the SQLite database for InPAS, i.e. the output of <code>setup_sqlitedb()</code> .
TxDb	An object of <code>GenomicFeatures::TxDb</code>
edb	An object of <code>ensemblDb::EnsDb</code>
genome	An object of <code>BSgenome::BSgenome</code>
cutoff_readsNum	cutoff reads number. If the coverage in the location is greater than <code>cutoff_readsNum</code> , the location will be treated as covered by signal
cutoff_expGene_cvgRate	<code>cutoff_expGene_cvgRate</code> and <code>cutoff_expGene_sampleRate</code> are the parameters used to calculate which gene is expressed in all input dataset. <code>cutoff_expGene_cvgRate</code> set the cutoff value for the coverage rate of each gene; <code>cutoff_expGene_sampleRate</code> set the cutoff value for ratio of numbers of expressed and all samples for each gene. for example, by default, <code>cutoff_expGene_cvgRate=0.1</code> and <code>cutoff_expGene_sampleRate=0.5</code> , suppose there are 4 samples, for one gene, if the coverage rates by base are: 0.05, 0.12, 0.2, 0.17, this gene will be count as expressed gene because $\text{mean}(c(0.05, 0.12, 0.2, 0.17)) > \text{cutoff_expGene_cvgRate}$ if the coverage rates by base are: 0.05, 0.12, 0.07, 0.17, this gene will be count as un-expressed gene because $\text{mean}(c(0.05, 0.12, 0.07, 0.17)) > \text{cutoff_expGene_cvgRate}$ and $\text{mean}(c(0.05, 0.12, 0.07, 0.17)) > \text{cutoff_expGene_sampleRate}$
cutoff_expGene_sampleRate	See <code>cutoff_expGene_cvgRate</code>
removeScaffolds	A logical(1) vector, whether the scaffolds should be removed from the genome. If you use a TxDb containing alternative scaffolds, you'd better to remove the scaffolds.
BPPARAM	an optional <code>BiocParallel::BiocParallelParam</code> instance determining the parallel back-end to be used during evaluation, or a list of <code>BiocParallelParam</code> instances, to be applied in sequence for nested calls to <code>bplapply</code> . It can be set to NULL or <code>bpparam()</code>
which	an object of <code>GenomicRanges::GRanges</code> or NULL. If it is not NULL, only the exons overlapping the given ranges are used. For fast data quality control, set which to <code>GRanges</code> for one or a few large chromosomes.
...	Not used yet

Value

A data frame with colnames: `gene.coverage.rate`: coverage per base for all genes, `expressed.gene.coverage.rate`: coverage per base for expressed genes, `UTR3.coverage.rate`: coverage per base for all 3' UTRs, `UTR3.expressed.gene.subset.coverage.rate`: coverage per base for 3' UTRs of expressed genes. and rownames: the names of coverage

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou, Haibo Liu

Examples

```

if (interactive()) {
  library("BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10")
  library("TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10.knownGene")
  library("EnsDb.Mmusculus.v79")

  genome <- BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10
  TxDb <- TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10.knownGene
  edb <- EnsDb.Mmusculus.v79

  bedgraphs <- system.file("extdata",c("Baf3.extract.bedgraph",
                                     "UM15.extract.bedgraph"),
                          package = "InPAS")
  tags <- c("Baf3", "UM15")
  metadata <- data.frame(tag = tags,
                        condition = c("Baf3", "UM15"),
                        bedgraph_file = bedgraphs)

  outdir = tempdir()
  write.table(metadata, file =file.path(outdir, "metadata.txt"),
             sep = "\t", quote = FALSE, row.names = FALSE)

  sqlite_db <- setup_sqlitedb(metadata = file.path(outdir,
                                                  "metadata.txt"),
                             outdir)

  coverage <- list()
  for (i in seq_along(bedgraphs)){
    coverage[[tags[i]]] <- get_ssRleCov(bedgraph = bedgraphs[i],
                                       tag = tags[i],
                                       genome = genome,
                                       sqlite_db = sqlite_db,
                                       outdir = outdir,
                                       removeScaffolds = TRUE,
                                       BPPARAM = NULL)
  }
  coverage_files <- assemble_allCov(sqlite_db,
                                   outdir,
                                   genome,
                                   removeScaffolds = FALSE)
  run_coverageQC(sqlite_db, TxDb, edb, genome,
                removeScaffolds = TRUE,
                which = GRanges("chr6",
                                ranges = IRanges(98013000, 140678000)))
}

```

search_CPs

Estimate the CP sites for UTRs on a given chromosome

Description

Estimate the CP sites for UTRs on a given chromosome

Usage

```

search_CPs(
  seqname,
  sqlite_db,
  utr3,
  background,
  z2s,
  depth.weight,
  genome,
  MINSIZE = 10,
  window_size = 100,
  search_point_START = 50,
  search_point_END = NA,
  cutStart = 10,
  cutEnd = 0,
  adjust_distal_polyA_end = TRUE,
  coverage_threshold = 5,
  long_coverage_threshold = 2,
  PolyA_PWM = NA,
  classifier = NA,
  classifier_cutoff = 0.8,
  shift_range = window_size,
  step = 1,
  two_way = FALSE,
  hugeData = TRUE,
  outdir,
  silence = FALSE
)

```

Arguments

seqname	A character(1) vector, specifying a chromosome/scaffold name
sqlite_db	A path to the SQLite database for InPAS, i.e. the output of setup_sqlitedb() .
utr3	An object of GenomicRanges::GRanges . Output of extract_UTR3Anno() for a chromosome/scaffold
background	A character(1) vector, the range for calculating cutoff threshold of local background. It can be "same_as_long_coverage_threshold", "1K", "5K", "10K", or "50K".
z2s	one element of an output of setup_CPsSearch() for Z-score cutoff values, which is the output of get_zScoreCutoff()
depth.weight	A named vector. One element of an output of setup_CPsSearch() for coverage depth weight, which is the output of get_depthWeight()
genome	A BSgenome::BSgenome object
MINSIZE	A integer(1) vector, specifying the minimal length in bp of a short/proximal 3' UTR. Default, 10

window_size	An integer(1) vector, the window size for novel distal or proximal CP site searching. default: 100.
search_point_START	A integer(1) vector, starting point relative to the 5' extremity of 3' UTRs for searching for proximal CP sites
search_point_END	A integer(1) vector, ending point relative to the 3' extremity of 3' UTRs for searching for proximal CP sites
cutStart	An integer(1) vector a numeric(1) vector. What percentage or how many nucleotides should be removed from 5' extremities before searching for CP sites? It can be a decimal between 0, and 1, or an integer greater than 1. 0.1 means 10 percent, 25 means cut first 25 bases
cutEnd	An integer(1) vector a numeric(1) vector. What percentage or how many nucleotides should be removed from 5' extremities before searching for CP sites? It can be a decimal between 0, and 1, or an integer greater than 1. 0.1 means 10 percent, 25 means cut first 25 bases
adjust_distal_polyA_end	A logical(1) vector. If true, distal CP sites are subject to adjustment by the Naive Bayes classifier from the cleanUpdTSeq::cleanUpdTSeq-package
coverage_threshold	An integer(1) vector, specifying the cutoff threshold of coverage for first 100 nucleotides. If the coverage of first 100 nucleotides is lower than coverage_threshold, that transcript will be not considered for further analysis. Default, 5.
long_coverage_threshold	An integer(1) vector, specifying the cutoff threshold of coverage for the terminal of long form 3' UTRs. If the coverage of first 100 nucleotides is lower than coverage_threshold, that transcript will be not considered for further analysis. Default, 2.
PolyA_PWM	An R object for a position weight matrix (PWM) for a hexamer polyadenylation signal (PAS), such as AAUAAA.
classifier	An R object for Naive Bayes classifier model, like the one in the cleanUpdTSeq package.
classifier_cutoff	A numeric(1) vector. A cutoff of probability that a site is classified as true CP sites. The value should be between 0.5 and 1. Default, 0.8.
shift_range	An integer(1) vector, specifying a shift range for adjusting the proximal and distal CP sites. Default, 100. It determines the range flanking the candidate CP sites to search the most likely real CP sites.
step	An integer (1) vector, specifying the step size used for adjusting the proximal or distal CP sites using the Naive Bayes classifier from the cleanUpdTSeq package. Default 1. It can be in the range of 1 to 10.
two_way	A logical (1), indicating whether the proximal CP sites are searched from both directions or not.
hugeData	A logical(1), indicating whether it is huge data


```

coverage_files <- assemble_allCov(sqlite_db,
                               outdir,
                                genome,
                                removeScaffolds = TRUE)
data4CPsSearch <- setup_CPsSearch(sqlite_db,
                                genome,
                                utr3,
                                background = "10K",
                                TxDb = TxDb,
                                removeScaffolds = TRUE,
                                BPPARAM = NULL,
                                hugeData = TRUE,
                                outdir = outdir)

## polyA_PWM
load(system.file("extdata", "polyA.rda", package = "InPAS"))

## load the Naive Bayes classifier model from the cleanUpdTSeq package
library(cleanUpdTSeq)
data(classifier)

CPs <- search_CPs(seqname = "chr6",
                 sqlite_db = sqlite_db,
                 utr3 = utr3,
                 background = data4CPsSearch$background,
                 z2s = data4CPsSearch$z2s,
                 depth.weight = data4CPsSearch$depth.weight,
                 genome = genome,
                 MINSIZE = 10,
                 window_size = 100,
                 search_point_START = 50,
                 search_point_END = NA,
                 cutStart = 10,
                 cutEnd = 0,
                 adjust_distal_polyA_end = TRUE,
                 coverage_threshold = 5,
                 long_coverage_threshold = 2,
                 PolyA_PWM = pwm,
                 classifier = classifier,
                 classifier_cutoff = 0.8,
                 shift_range = 100,
                 step = 5,
                 two_way = FALSE,
                 hugeData = TRUE,
                 outdir = outdir)
}

```

Description

prepare data for predicting cleavage and polyadenylation (CP) sites

Usage

```
setup_CPsSearch(
  sqlite_db,
  genome,
  utr3,
  background = c("same_as_long_coverage_threshold", "1K", "5K", "10K", "50K"),
  TxDb = NA,
  removeScaffolds = FALSE,
  hugeData = TRUE,
  outdir,
  BPPARAM = NULL,
  silence = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

sqlite_db	A path to the SQLite database for InPAS, i.e. the output of <code>setup_sqlitedb()</code> .
genome	An object of <code>BSgenome::BSgenome</code>
utr3	An object of <code>GenomicRanges::GRangesList</code> , output of <code>extract_UTR3Anno()</code>
background	A character(1) vector, the range for calculating cutoff threshold of local background. It can be "same_as_long_coverage_threshold", "1K", "5K", "10K", or "50K".
TxDb	an object of <code>GenomicFeatures::TxDb</code>
removeScaffolds	A logical(1) vector, whether the scaffolds should be removed from the genome. If you use a TxDb containing alternative scaffolds, you'd better to remove the scaffolds.
hugeData	A logical(1) vector, indicating whether it is huge data
outdir	A character(1) vector, a path with write permission for storing the coverage data. If it doesn't exist, it will be created.
BPPARAM	an optional <code>BiocParallel::BiocParallelParam</code> instance determining the parallel back-end to be used during evaluation, or a list of <code>BiocParallelParam</code> instances, to be applied in sequence for nested calls to <code>bplapply</code> . It can be set to <code>NULL</code> or <code>bpparam()</code>
silence	report progress or not. By default it doesn't report progress.

Value

A list as described below:

utr3TotalCov chromosome-wise 3' UTR coverage in summarized View format

chr1 A filename for chr1 3' UTR coverage in summarized View format

chr2 A filename for chr2 3' UTR coverage in summarized View format

chrN A filename for chrN 3' UTR coverage in summarized View format

background The type of methods for bckground coverage calculation

z2s Z-score cutoff thresholds for each 3' UTRs

depth.weight A named vector containing depth weight

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou, Haibo Liu

@examples if (interactive()) library(BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10) library("TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10.knownGene")

```
genome <- BSgenome.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10
TxDb <- TxDb.Mmusculus.UCSC.mm10.knownGene

## load UTR3 annotation and convert it into a GRangesList
data(utr3.mm10)
utr3 <- split(utr3.mm10, seqnames(utr3.mm10))

bedgraphs <- system.file("extdata",c("Baf3.extract.bedgraph",
                                   "UM15.extract.bedgraph"),
                        package = "InPAS")

tags <- c("Baf3", "UM15")
metadata <- data.frame(tag = tags,
                      condition = c("Baf3", "UM15"),
                      bedgraph_file = bedgraphs)

outdir = tempdir()
write.table(metadata, file =file.path(outdir, "metadata.txt"),
           sep = "\t", quote = FALSE, row.names = FALSE)

sqlite_db <- setup_sqlitedb(metadata = file.path(outdir,
                                                "metadata.txt"),
                          outdir)

coverage <- list()
for (i in seq_along(bedgraphs)){
coverage[[tags[i]]] <- get_ssRleCov(bedgraph = bedgraphs[i],
                                tag = tags[i],
                                genome = genome,
                                sqlite_db = sqlite_db,
                                outdir = outdir,
                                removeScaffolds = TRUE)
}

coverage_files <- assemble_allCov(sqlite_db,
                                outdir,
                                genome,
                                removeScaffolds = TRUE)

data4CPsitesSearch <- setup_CPsSearch(sqlite_db,
                                    genome,
```



```

    utr3,
    background = "10K",
    TxDb = TxDb,
    removeScaffolds = TRUE,
    hugeData = TRUE,
    outdir = outdir)

```

 setup_GSEA

prepare files for GSEA analysis

Description

output the log2 transformed delta PDUI txt file, chip file, rank file and phynotype label file for GSEA analysis

Usage

```

setup_GSEA(
  eset,
  groupList,
  outdir,
  preranked = TRUE,
  rankBy = c("logFC", "P.value"),
  rnkFilename = "InPAS.rnk",
  chipFilename = "InPAS.chip",
  dataFilename = "dPDUI.txt",
  PhenFilename = "group.cls"
)

```

Arguments

eset	A UTR3eSet object, output of test_dPDUI()
groupList	A list of grouped sample tag names, with the group names as the list's name, such as <code>list(groupA = c("sample_1", "sample_2", "sample_3"), groupB = c("sample_4", "sample_5", "sample_6"))</code>
outdir	A character(1) vector, a path with write permission for storing the files for GSEA analysis. If it doesn't exist, it will be created.
preranked	A logical(1) vector, out preranked or not
rankBy	A character(1) vector, indicating how the gene list is ranked. It can be "logFC" or "P.value".
rnkFilename	A character(1) vector, specifying a filename for the preranked file
chipFilename	A character(1) vector, specifying a filename for the chip file
dataFilename	A character(1) vector, specifying a filename for the dataset file
PhenFilename	A character(1) vector, specifying a filename for the file containing samples' phenotype labels

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou, Haibo Liu

See Also

data formats for GSEA. https://software.broadinstitute.org/cancer/software/gsea/wiki/index.php/Data_formats

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  file <- system.file("extdata", "eset.MAQC.rda", package = "InPAS")
  load(file)
  gp1 <- c("Brain.auto", "Brain.phiX")
  gp2 <- c("UHR.auto", "UHR.phiX")
  groupList <- list(Brain = gp1, UHR = gp2)
  prepare4GSEA(eset,
               groupList = groupList,
               outdir = tempdir(),
               preranked = TRUE,
               rankBy = "logFC")
}
```

setup_sqlitedb	<i>Create an SQLite database for storing metadata and paths to coverage files</i>
----------------	---

Description

Create an SQLite database with five tables, "metadata", "sample_coverage", "chromosome_coverage", "CPsites", and "utr3_coverage", for storing metadata (sample tag, condition, paths to bedgraph files, and sample total read coverage), sample-then-chromosome-oriented coverage files (sample tag, chromosome, paths to bedgraph files for each chromosome), and paths to chromosome-then-sample-oriented coverage files (chromosome, paths to bedgraph files for each chromosome), CP sites on each chromosome (chromosome, paths to cpsite files), read coverage for 3' UTR and last CDS regions on each chromosome (chromosome, paths to utr3 coverage file), respectively

Usage

```
setup_sqlitedb(metadata, outdir)
```

Arguments

metadata	A path to a tab-delimited file, with columns "tag", "condition", and "bedgraph_file", storing a unique name tag for each sample, a condition name for each sample, such as "treatment" and "control", and a path to the bedgraph file for each sample
outdir	A character(1) vector, a path with write permission for storing the SQLite database. If it doesn't exist, it will be created.

Value

A character(1) vector, the path to the SQLite database

Author(s)

Haibo Liu

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  bedgraphs <- system.file("extdata",c("Baf3.extract.bedgraph",
                                     "UM15.extract.bedgraph"),
                          package = "InPAS")
  tags <- c("Baf3", "UM15")
  metadata <- data.frame(tag = tags,
                        condition = c("Baf3", "UM15"),
                        bedgraph_file = bedgraphs)

  outdir = tempdir()
  write.table(metadata, file =file.path(outdir, "metadata.txt"),
             sep = "\t", quote = FALSE, row.names = FALSE)
  sqlite_db <- setup_sqlitedb(metadata =
                             file.path(outdir, "metadata.txt"),
                             outdir)
}
```

test_dPDUI

do test for dPDUI

Description

do test for dPDUI

Usage

```
test_dPDUI(
  eset,
  method = c("limma", "fisher.exact", "singleSample", "singleGroup"),
  normalize = c("none", "quantiles", "quantiles.robust", "mean", "median"),
  design,
  contrast.matrix,
  coef = 1,
  robust = FALSE,
  ...,
  sqlite_db
)
```

Arguments

eset	An object of <code>UTR3eSet</code> . It is an output of <code>get_UTR3eSet()</code>
method	A character(1), indicating the method for testing dPDUI. It can be "limma", "fisher.exact", "singleSample", or "singleGroup"
normalize	A character(1), indicating the normalization method. It can be "none", "quantiles", "quantiles.robust", "mean", or "median"
design	a design matrix of the experiment, with rows corresponding to samples and columns to coefficients to be estimated. Defaults to the unit vector meaning that the samples are treated as replicates. see <code>stats::model.matrix()</code> . Required for limma-based analysis.
contrast.matrix	a numeric matrix with rows corresponding to coefficients in fit and columns containing contrasts. May be a vector if there is only one contrast. see <code>limma::makeContrasts()</code> . Required for limma-based analysis.
coef	column number or column name specifying which coefficient or contrast of the linear model is of interest. see more <code>limma::topTable()</code> . default value: 1
robust	logical, should the estimation of the empirical Bayes prior parameters be robustified against outlier sample variances?
...	other arguments are passed to <code>lmFit</code>
sqlite_db	A path to the SQLite database for InPAS, i.e. the output of <code>setup_sqlitedb()</code> .

Details

if method is "limma", design matrix and contrast is required. if method is "fisher.exact", gp1 and gp2 is required.

Value

An object of `UTR3eSet`, with the last element `testRes` containing the test results in a matrix.

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou, Haibo Liu

See Also

`run_singleSampleAnalysis()`, `run_singleGroupAnalysis()`, `run_fisherExactTest()`, `run_limmaAnalysis()`

Examples

```
library(limma)
path <- system.file("extdata", package = "InPAS")
load(file.path(path, "eset.MAQC.rda"))
tags <- colnames(eset@PDUI)
g <- factor(gsub("\\.\\.*$", "", tags))
design <- model.matrix(~ -1 + g)
colnames(design) <- c("Brain", "UHR")
```

```

contrast.matrix <- makeContrasts(contrasts = "Brain-UHR",
                                levels = design)
res <- test_dPDUI(eset = eset,
                 method = "limma",
                 normalize = "none",
                 design = design,
                 contrast.matrix = contrast.matrix)

```

utr3.mm10

Annotation of 3' UTRs for mouse (mm10)

Description

A dataset containing the annotation of the 3' UTRs of the mouse

Usage

```
utr3.mm10
```

Format

An object of [GenomicRanges::GRanges](#) with 7 metadata columns

feature feature type, utr3, CDS, next.exon.gap

annotatedProximalCP candidate proximal CPsites

exon exon ID

transcript transcript ID

gene gene ID

symbol gene symbol

truncated whether the 3' UTR is truncated

UTR3eSet-class

UTR3eSet-class and its methods

Description

An object of class [UTR3eSet](#) representing the results of 3' UTR usage; methods for constructing, showing, getting and setting attributes of objects; methods for coercing object of other class to [UTR3eSet](#) objects.

Objects from the Class

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("UTR3eSet", ...)`

Objects can be created by calls of the form `new("UTR3eSet", ...)`.

Slots

usage: Object of class "GRanges"
PDUI: Object of class "matrix"
PDUI.log2: Object of class "matrix"
short: Object of class "matrix"
long: Object of class "matrix"
signals: Object of class "list"
testRes: Object of class "matrix"

UTR3eSet-class methods

\$ signature(x = "UTR3eSet"): ...
\$<- signature(x = "UTR3eSet"): ...
coerce signature(from = "UTR3eSet", to = "ExpressionSet"): ...
coerce signature(from = "UTR3eSet", to = "GRanges"): ...
show signature(object = "UTR3eSet"): ...

Author(s)

Jianhong Ou
Jianhong Ou

See Also

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